

Exegetical Notes, Luke 1:26-38
“Mary...The Model Teen”

Prepared by Charles H. Jensen, Pastor, Cornerstone Fellowship
101 Kylies Road, Coatesville, PA 19329
610-384-1375
charleshjensen@aol.com

Luke 1:26-38

Verse 26

In the sixth month, God sent the angel Gabriel to Nazareth, a town in Galilee,

- “The sixth month” may refer to the sixth month of the year or to the sixth month of Elizabeth’s pregnancy. Verse 36 connects the reference and strongly suggests that the reference is to the sixth month of Elizabeth’s pregnancy not to the month of the year.
- “Gabriel” is one of three angels mentioned in the Bible. The other two are Michael and Lucifer. The name means “mighty man of God.” Gabriel is the angel who carries the message of Christ’s birth throughout the Christmas story.
- “Nazareth in Galilee” was an obscure little village with no real significance. However, the reference to it lends reality to the story. It is now located in time and space. It happened in the sixth month at this particular place. It is, thereby, set in history.

Verse 27

to a virgin pledged to be married to a man named Joseph, a descendant of David. The virgin’s name was Mary.

- Again the historical setting is reported. This time by telling us the names of the individuals involved. This event happened at this particular time, in this particular place, to these particular people.
- “Joseph” (see Matthew 1:19-24.) We have no other information about Joseph. After the birth and childhood stories about Jesus, Joseph disappears from the record. Beyond this, and that he was descended from David (see Matthew 1:16 and Luke 3:23) other information about Joseph is based on speculation and church tradition. It is to be noted that the Matthew and Luke genealogies of Jesus list different

names for Joseph's father. Scholars suggest that Joseph's father was known by two names, one was probably his given name and the other the name by which he was known.

- Even though some scholars believe that Luke's genealogy traces Jesus' descent through Mary, we know very little about Mary. We know that her close relative was Elizabeth, the mother of John the Baptist. But we do not know her family of origin, her age, etc. All such information is based on the traditions of the church, not the Scripture.
- One fact that is made clear in this passage is that Mary was a virgin. We are told so twice in this verse. The Greek word which stands behind the English word, "virgin," means a person who has had no sexual experience. The virginal conception of Jesus Christ is an essential doctrine of the church proclaimed without explanation or excuse by the Bible. If it did not occur, as some modern theologians argue, then the Biblical record is false in this and cannot be trusted as truth in any part.

Verse 28

The angel went to her and said, "Greetings, you who are highly favored! The Lord is with you."

- Gabriel greets Mary with great respect and announces to her the good news that she is highly favored. The explanation of her favor is in the next sentence. She is highly favored because God is with her.

Verse 29

Mary was greatly troubled at his words and wondered what kind of greeting this might be.

- It seems odd that Mary would receive the good news of God's favor and be troubled by it and that she would be suspicious of the nature of the angel's greeting. Perhaps it is best to understand her reaction as being overwhelmed by what was happening to her and afraid of what she could not comprehend.
- It is also to be noted that everyone to whom the angel appears has a similar reaction. Perhaps this is the normal human response to an angelic visit.

Verse 30

But the angel said to her, “Do not be afraid, Mary, you have found favor with God.”

- The angel quickly reassures Mary that her fear is misplaced. She should not be afraid because she is in God’s favor.

Verse 31

“You will be with child and give birth to a son, and you are to give him the name Jesus.”

- Mary is unmarried, only betrothed to marry Joseph. She is virgin. This news could hardly have come to Mary without causing her some concern.
- The name Jesus means “savior.”

Verse 32 - 33

“He will be great and will be called the Son of the Most High. The Lord God will give him the throne of his father David, and he will reign over the house of Jacob forever; his kingdom will never end.”

- The title, “Son of the Most High,” conveys that Jesus is (1) the divine Son of God (God is called the “Most High” in both the Old and the New Testaments, and (2) the Messiah of Israel.
- This second fact is confirmed by the promised granting of David’s throne to Jesus (see 2 Samuel 7:13,16, Psalm 2:6-7, 89:26-27, Isaiah 9:6-7) and by the eternal nature of his kingdom and his reign.
- Mary is being granted the favor every Hebrew girl dreamed of. She will be the mother of the Messiah.

Verse 34

“How will this be,” Mary asked the angel, “since I am a virgin?”

- Mary’s question presents the great dilemma. This plan cannot work because it is impossible. She is a virgin. This is the stumbling block that is both illogical and unscientific. God’s plan cannot work because Mary is a virgin.
- Once again the fact of Mary’s virginity is presented as historical fact.

Verse 35

The angel answered, “The Holy Spirit will come upon you, and the power of the Most High will overshadow you. So the holy one to be born will be called the Son of God.”

- The angel gives Mary an explanation as to how all this will be accomplished. However, the explanation lacks detail. We are to know that God has it all worked out but we are still to understand that it is mystery beyond our comprehension.
- It is to happen in this way so as to affirm Jesus' divinity. As a result of this mystery, he will be known as God's son.

Verse 36

“Even Elizabeth your relative is going to have a child in her old age, and she who was said to be barren is in her sixth month.”

- Elizabeth's exact relation to Mary is unknown. The Greek phrase means a close relative.
- What the angel has told Mary is unbelievable. It is mystery, beyond human comprehension. A sign is required to confirm the truth to Mary. That sign is Elizabeth's pregnancy. No one would believe that it was possible for Elizabeth to conceive and bear a child. But she was, in fact already six months pregnant.

Verse 37

“For nothing is impossible with God.”

- This is the great truth which makes the story believable. Apart from God neither Elizabeth's pregnancy nor Mary's would have been possible, But God makes what is impossible, possible. So, both pregnancies become believable because God is involved.

Verse 38

“I am the Lord's servant,” Mary answered. “May it be to me as you have said.” Then the angel left her.

- Mary accepts her part in God's plan humbly. She does not seek a more in-depth explanation nor does she try to alter God's decision. She simply agrees to play the role chosen for her to play.
- Having accomplished his assignment, the angel departs.

(These exegetical notes are the foundational study for the sermon entitled *Mary... The Model Teen?* They have been prepared by the Reverend Doctor Charles H. Jensen, Senior Pastor at Cornerstone Fellowship, Coatesville Pennsylvania. All rights are reserved by Dr. Jensen and *Cornerstone Fellowship*.)